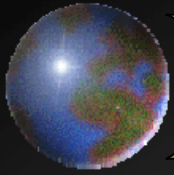


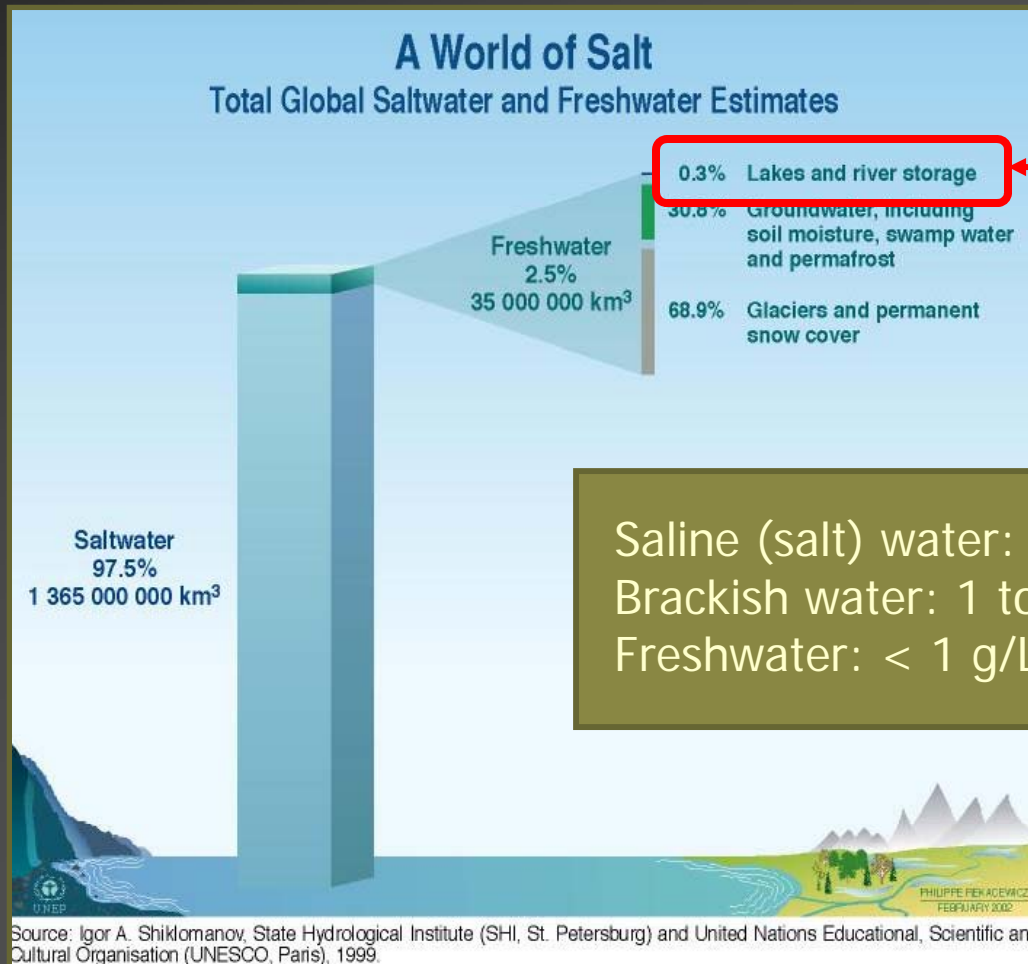
Lesson 3: Hydrologic Assessment — Water Balance

53:171

Water Resources Engineering

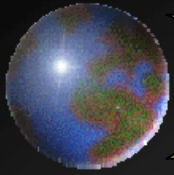


Global Freshwater Resources

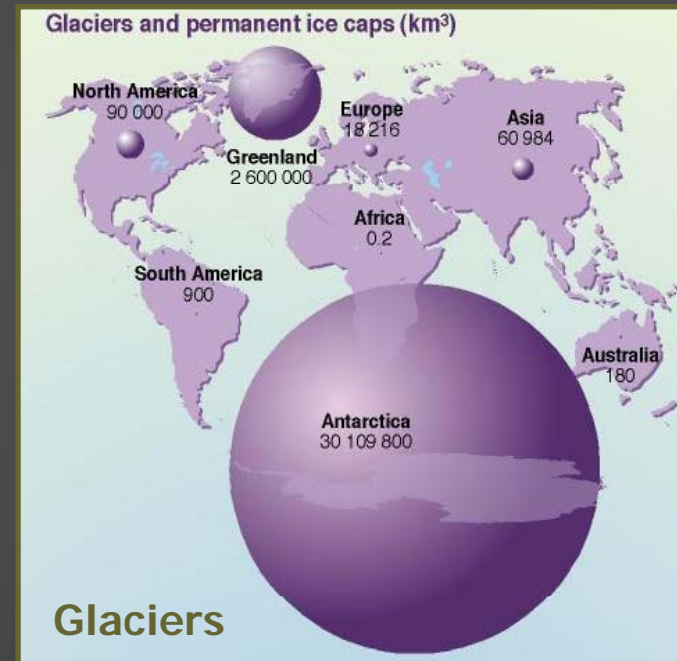
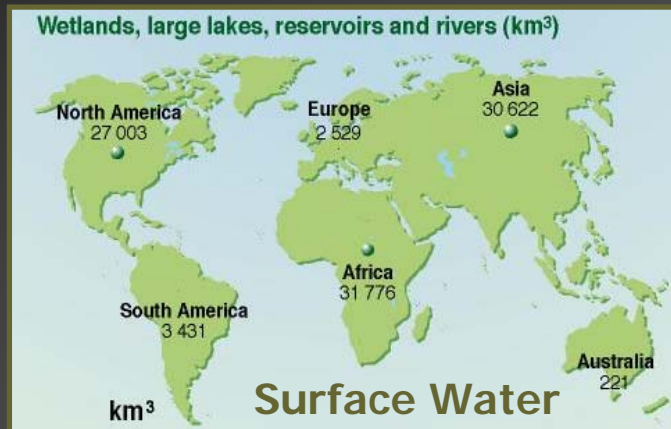


Only this portion renewable

Saline (salt) water: 10 to 100 g/L
Brackish water: 1 to 10 g/L (treatable)
Freshwater: < 1 g/L (drinkable)



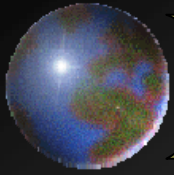
Global Freshwater Storages



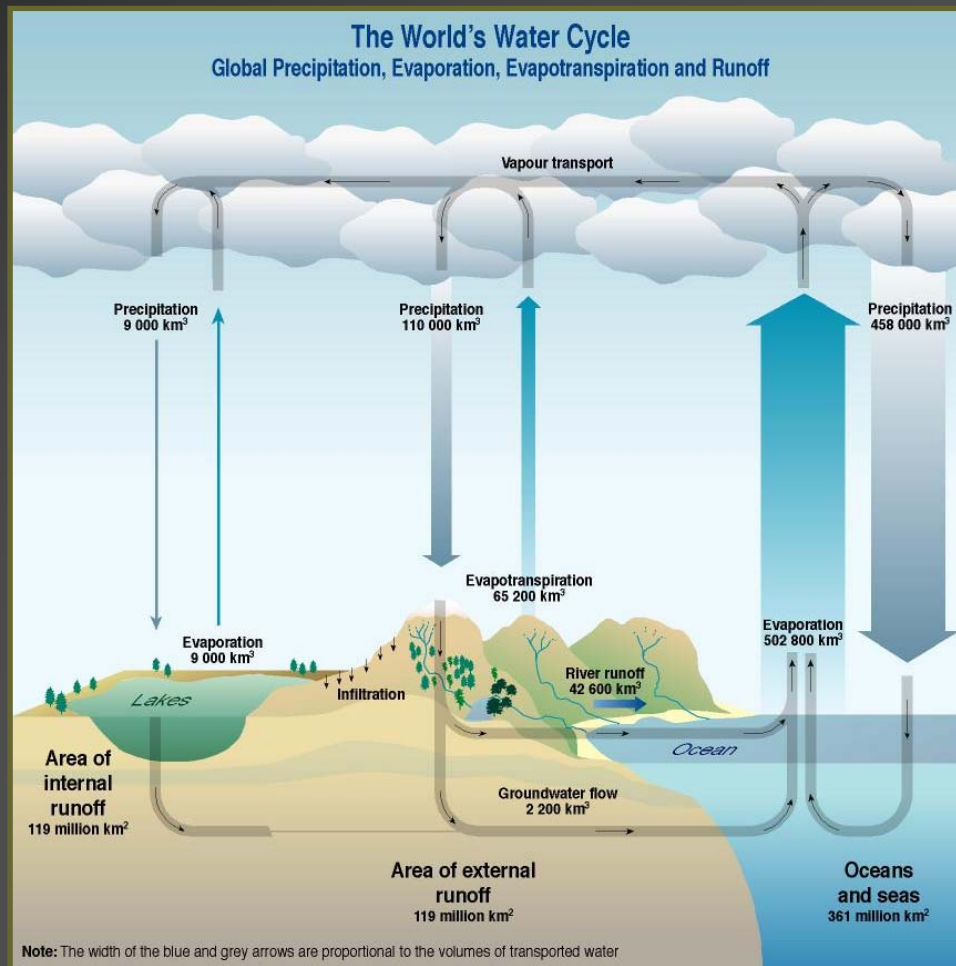
Note: Estimates refer to standing volumes of freshwater.
 Source: Igor A. Shiklomanov, State Hydrological Institute (SHI, St. Petersburg) and United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation (UNESCO, Paris) 1999; World Meteorological Organisation (WMO); International Council of Scientific Unions (ICSU); World Glacier Monitoring Service (WGMS); United States Geological Survey (USGS).

Storages



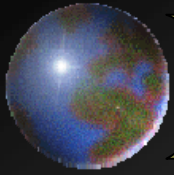


Water Cycle Fluxes



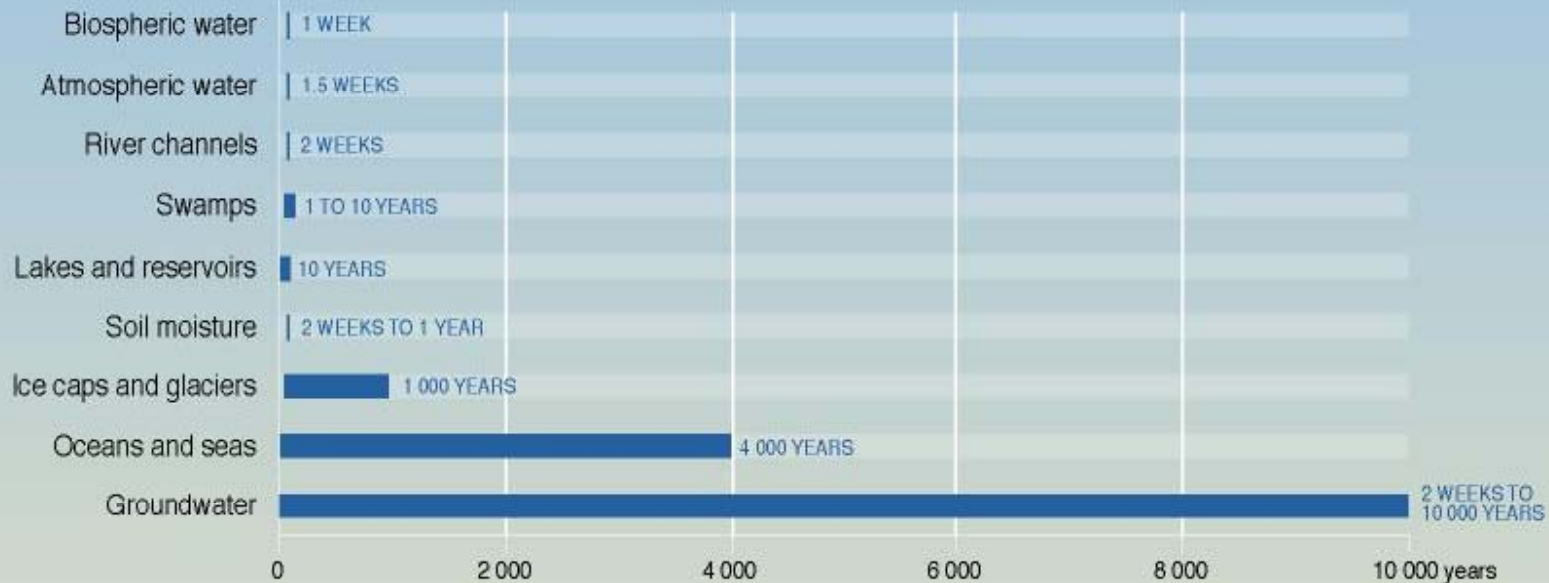
Fluxes

Vapor transport
Precipitation
Evaporation
Transpiration
GW Flow



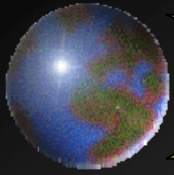
Residence Times

Estimated Residence Times of the World's Water Resources

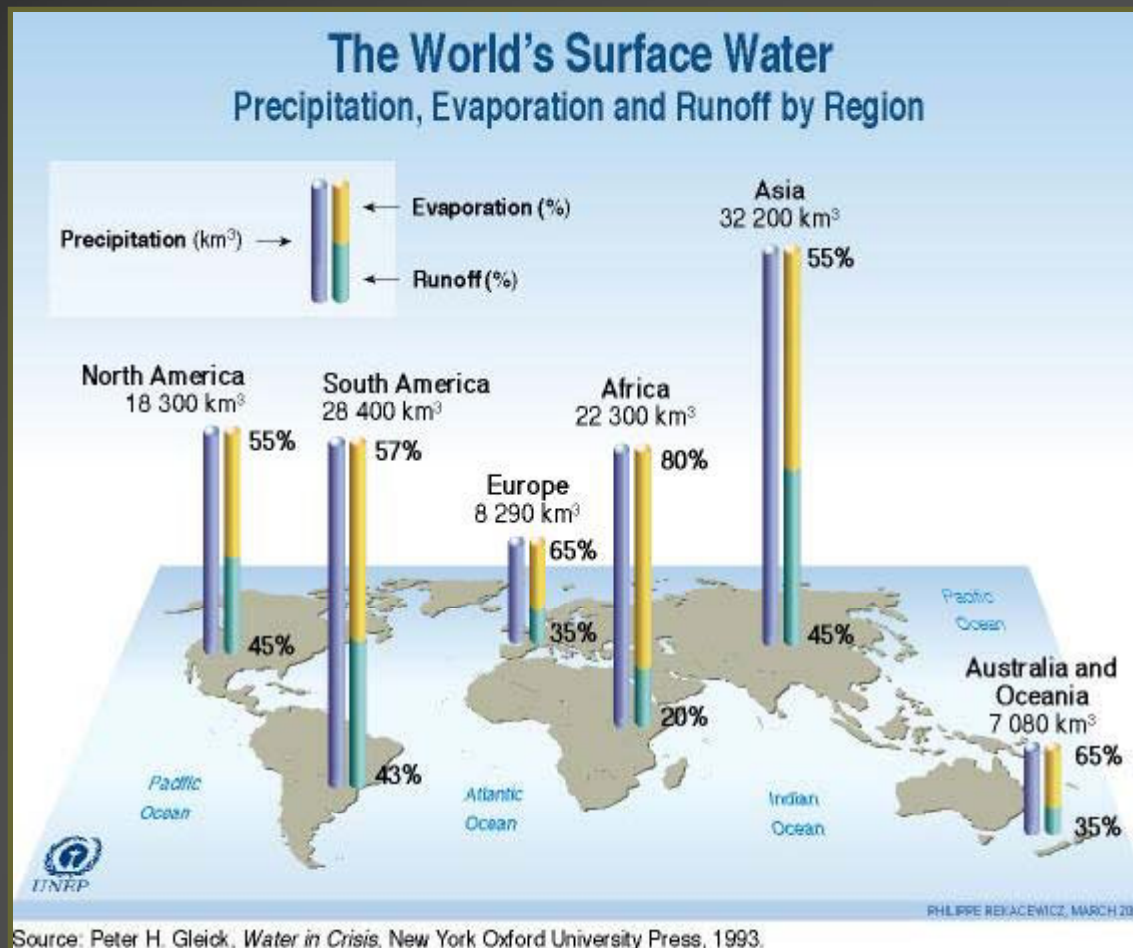


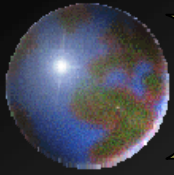
PHILIPPE REKACEWICZ
APRIL 2002

Source: Igor A. Shiklomanov, State Hydrological Institute (SHI, St. Petersburg) and United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation (UNESCO, Paris), 1999; Max Planck, Institute for Meteorology, Hamburg, 1994; Freeze, Allen, John, Cherry, *Groundwater*, Prentice-Hall: Engle wood Cliffs NJ, 1979.

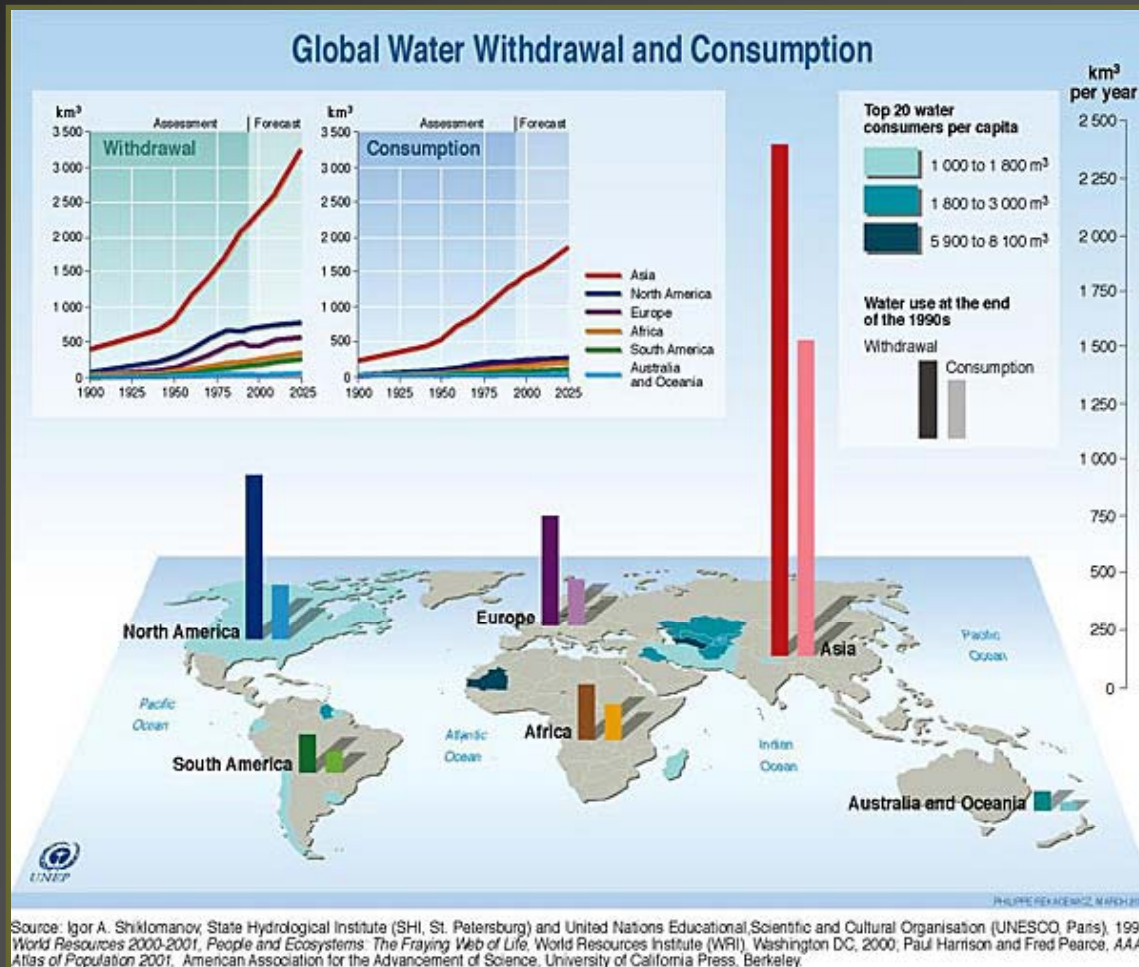


Global Water Balance



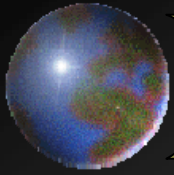


Withdrawal & Consumption

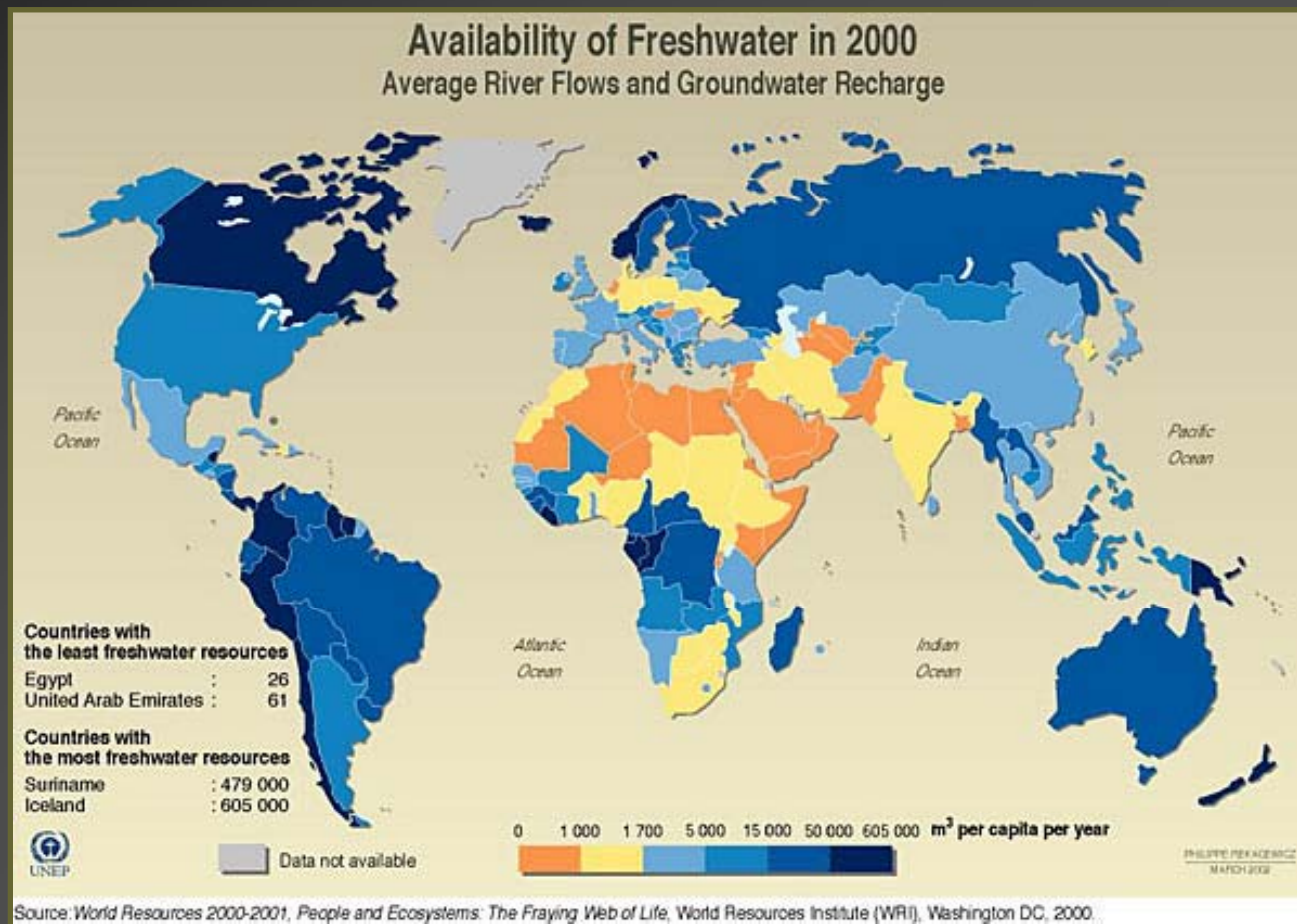


Withdrawals for agriculture, industrial, and domestic uses.

Consumption is the usage + waste/losses



Freshwater Availability



Severity

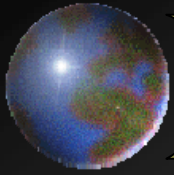
< 1000 m³/p

Stress

1000-1700 m³/p

Sufficient

>1700 m³/p



Source of Information

- United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP)
 - Vital Water Graphics: An Overview of the State of the World's Fresh and Marine Waters

<http://www.unep.org/dewa/assessments/ecosystems/water/vitalwater/index.htm>