

December 4, 2015

NAME

Fluids-ID

Quiz 15. SAE 30 oil at 20°C flows at  $U = 10$  ft/s over the upper side of a flat plate of which width  $b = 2$  ft and length  $L = 5$  ft and area  $A = bL = 10$  ft<sup>2</sup>. (a) What is the boundary layer thickness at the middle of the plate and (b) what is the friction drag  $D_f$  acting on the plate? Transition to turbulent flow may occur at  $Re = 5 \times 10^5$ . ( $\rho = 1.73$  slug/ft<sup>3</sup>;  $\mu = 0.00607$  slug/ft·s)

Note: Attendance (+2 points), format (+1 point)

Reynolds number:

$$Re_L = \frac{UL}{\nu}, \quad Re_x = \frac{Ux}{\nu}$$

Boundary layer thickness:

$$\frac{\delta}{x} = \begin{cases} \frac{5}{\sqrt{Re_x}} & \text{(laminar)} \\ \frac{0.16}{Re_x^{\frac{1}{7}}} & \text{(turbulent)} \end{cases}$$

Friction drag coefficient:

$$C_f = \frac{D_f}{\frac{1}{2}\rho U^2 A} = \begin{cases} \frac{1.328}{\sqrt{Re_L}} & \text{(laminar)} \\ \frac{0.031}{Re_L^{\frac{1}{7}}} & \text{(turbulent)} \end{cases}$$