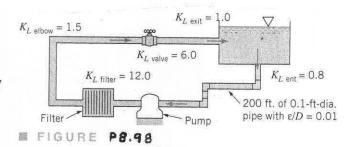
8.98

8. 98 Water is circulated from a large tank, through a filter, and back to the tank as shown in Fig. P8.78. The power added to the water by the pump is 200 ft·lb/s. Determine the flowrate through the filter.



$$\frac{\rho_{l}}{g} + Z_{l} + \frac{V_{l}^{2}}{2g} + h_{p} = \frac{\rho_{2}}{g} + Z_{2} + \frac{V_{2}^{2}}{2g} + (f \frac{1}{D} + \Sigma_{i} K_{l_{i}}) \frac{V^{2}}{2g}$$
 (1)

where

$$P_1 = P_2$$
, $V_1 = V_2 = 0$, and $Z_1 = Z_2$

Also,
$$\dot{W}_{p} = \chi Q h_{p}$$
 or $h_{p} = \frac{200 \frac{\text{ft} \cdot lb}{\text{ft}^{3}}}{62.4 \frac{lb}{\text{ft}^{3}} (\frac{\pi}{4} (0.1 \text{ft})^{2}) V} = \frac{408}{V}$

Thus, Eq. (1) becomes

$$\frac{408}{V} = \left(\frac{200\,\text{ft}}{0.1\,\text{ft}}\,f\,+ \left(0.8 + 5\left(1.5\right) + 12 + 6 + 1\right)\right)\frac{V^2}{2\left(32.2\,\frac{\text{ft}}{52}\right)}$$

$$V^{3} = \frac{13.13}{(f + 0.01365)} \tag{2}$$

Also,

$$Re = \frac{OVD}{\mu} = \frac{1.94 \frac{s/vgs}{fl^3} (V \frac{fl}{s})(0.1fl)}{2.34 \times 10^{-5}} \text{ or } Re = 8290V$$
(3)

Trial and error solution:

Assume f = 0.04. From Eq. (2), V = 6.26 \$; from Eq. (3) Re = 5.20×104. Thus, from Fig. 8.20, f = 0.039 + 0.04

Assume f = 0.039, or $V = 6.29 \frac{ft}{s}$ and $Re = 5.2/x/0^4$ and f = 0.039(Checks)

Thus,
$$Q = AV = \frac{II}{4}(0.1ft)^2(6.29\frac{ft}{s}) = 0.0494\frac{ft^3}{s}$$

Alternatively, the Colebrook equation (Eq. 8.35) could be used rather than the Moody chart. Thus,

(con 4)

8.98 (con't)

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{f}} = -2.0 \log \left(\frac{\varepsilon/D}{3.7} + \frac{2.51}{Re\sqrt{f}}\right), \text{ where from Eq.(2)}, \tag{4}$$

$$f = (13.13/V^3) - 0.01365$$
 (5)

Thus, by combining Eqs. (3), (4), and (5) we obtain the following equation for V:

 $1/((13.13/V^3)-0.01365)^{\frac{1}{2}}=-2.0\log\left[\frac{0.01}{3.7}+2.51/(8290V)((13.13/V^3)-0.01365)^{\frac{1}{2}}\right]$ Using a computer root-finding program gives the solution to Eq.(6) as $V=6.29\frac{ft}{s}$, the same as obtained by the above trial and error method.