

2.82

2.82 A structure is attached to the ocean floor as shown in Fig. P2.82. A 2-m-diameter hatch is located in an inclined wall and hinged on one edge. Determine the minimum air pressure, p_1 , within the container to open the hatch. Neglect the weight of the hatch and friction in the hinge.

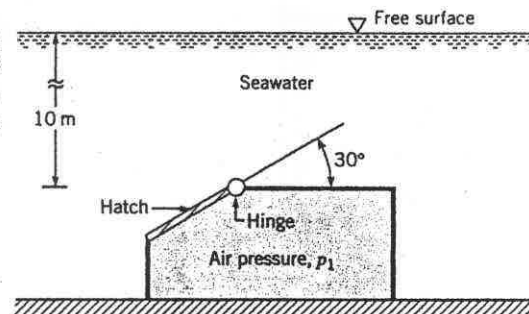
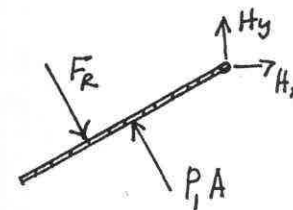


FIGURE P2.82

$$F_R = \gamma h_c A \quad \text{where } h_c = 10 \text{ m} + \frac{1}{2}(2 \text{ m}) \sin 30^\circ = 10.5 \text{ m}$$

Thus,

$$F_R = (10.1 \times 10^3 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{m}^3})(10.5 \text{ m}) \left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right)(2 \text{ m})^2 = 3.33 \times 10^5 \text{ N}$$



To locate F_R ,

$$y_R = \frac{I_{xc}}{y_c A} + y_c \quad \text{where } y_c = \frac{10 \text{ m}}{\sin 30^\circ} + 1 \text{ m} = 21 \text{ m}$$

so that

$$y_R = \frac{\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right)(1 \text{ m})^4}{(21 \text{ m})(\pi)(1 \text{ m})^2} + 21 \text{ m} = 21.012 \text{ m}$$

For equilibrium,

$$\sum M_H = 0$$

so that

$$F_R (21.012 \text{ m} - 20 \text{ m}) = p_1 (\pi)(1 \text{ m})^2 (1 \text{ m})$$

and

$$p_1 = \frac{(3.33 \times 10^5 \text{ N})(1.012 \text{ m})}{\pi (1 \text{ m})^2 (1 \text{ m})} = \underline{\underline{107 \text{ kPa}}}$$